



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

COMPARATIVE MERITS OF THE PLANS FOR NATIONAL EDUCATION,
ON THE SYSTEM OF

MR. LANCASTER,

AND

DR. BELL.

CHILDREN ADMITTED.

Belonging to all denominations of Religion, without exception. None but the Children of the Church of England. Members of the

BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION.

Reading.

For the youngest Children, Dr. Watts' Divine Songs (the edition published by the Society for promoting Christian Knowledge.)

Scripture Lessons.

The Psalms, Epistles and Gospels, as contained in the Common Prayer-book.
For the best Readers, the Bible. Writing, and Arithmetic.
The Children may all be catechised by their respective Ministers.

Not Defined.

The Church Catechism, and principles of Religion, according to the Liturgy of the Church of England.

Dr. Bell being, in principle, hostile to Writing and Arithmetic for the poor, the National Society have not mentioned those Branches of Instruction; having merely declared it to be their design, to afford to the poor "suitable learning."

MECHANICAL OPERATION.

The Classification simple, and easily applied to the largest number of Children.

Cheerfulness and activity influence the whole School.

The Classification complex; and with difficulty applicable to a considerable number of Children.
Dejection and constraint apparent among the Scholars.

EXPENSE OF A SCHOOL FOR ONE HUNDRED CHILDREN.

Master's Salary.....	£105 0 0	Master's Salary.....	£105 0 0
Rent of School-room.....	52 10 0	Rent of School-room.....	52 10 0
Rewards for Children, &c.....	35 0 0	Rewards for Children, &c.....	35 0 0
1000 Slates, at 4d. each.....	16 13 4	Books for Reading, at 5s. per annum, each.....	250 0 0
1 Spelling-book.....	0 8 0	Pens, Ink, Paper, Copy, Ciphering-books, &c. at 10s, each, per annum.....	500 0 0
Reading Lessons.....	0 12 0		
Arithmetic Lessons.....	0 14 0		
	£210 17 4		£942 10 0

Being a difference in the expense of the necessary requisites for each School of £732 12s. 8d.

PUBLIC OCCURRENCES.

FRAUDS COMMITTED BY LIGHTERMEN, IN
THE CONVEYANCE OF COALS ON THE
LAGAN CANAL.

Numerous frauds have, for a long time, been committed in the carriage of coals on this canal. A few weeks ago, porters were employed at night to carry Scotch coals from a boat detained at Lisburn, supposed to belong to the proprietors of the distillery at Dungannon. The clandestine manner of selling them, is presumptive evidence that the lightermen were defrauding their employers.—It ought to be generally known, that persons who buy coals

in this manner, subject themselves to be prosecuted for buying goods, knowing them to be stolen. The lightermen also subject themselves to a prosecution for larceny, and if convicted, they may be transported, or fined and imprisoned. It is a prevailing idea among the boatmen, that if they are detected, they can only be forced to refund the amount of the coals embezzled. Thus fortified in the wrong, they are emboldened to commit the crime, from a notion of false security. But it is high time to convince them of their error; and persons, receiving coals from them, should always be careful to have them measured on delivery from the boat.—An instance has lately occurred,